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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE BANK OF RUSSIA'S CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

Item	Corporate governance principles	Criteria for assessing compliance with corporate governance principle	Compliance	Explanations of deviations from the criteria for assessing compliance with corporate governance principle
1	2	3	4	5
1.1	The company shall ensure equal and fair treatment	of all shareholders in exercising their corporate governance right		
1.1.1	The company ensures the most favourable conditions for its shareholders to participate in the general meeting, develop informed positions on agenda items of the general meeting, coordinate their actions, and voice their opinions on items considered	 The company provides accessible means of communication with the company, such as a hotline, email, or online forum, to enable shareholders to express their opinions and send questions on the agenda in preparation for the general meeting. These channels of communication were organised by the Company and made available to shareholders in preparation for each general meeting held during the reporting period 	Full compliance	
1.1.2	The procedure for giving notice of, and providing	In the reporting period, the notice of the general meeting of shareholders was perted (whilehold on the company's website no) The second of the second o	Partial compliance	1 – partial compliance.
	shareholders to properly prepare for attending the general meeting			In the reporting period, the notice of the General Meeting of Shareholders was posted (published) on the Company's website less than 30 days before the date of the General Meeting of Shareholders, however the rights of the shareholders were not violated.
				2 – full compliance.
				3 – full compliance
1.1.3	In preparation for the general meeting and during the general meeting, shareholders were enabled to receive information about, and all materials related to, the meeting, put questions to executive bodies and members of the board of directors, as well as communicate with each other, in an unobstructed and timely manner	 In the reporting period, shareholders were given an opportunity to put questions to members of executive bodies and members of the board of directors during the annual general meeting and in the preparation for the same. The position of the board of directors (including dissenting opinions entered in the minutes) on each item on the agenda of general meetings held in the reporting period was included in the materials for the general meeting of shareholders. The company gave duly authorised shareholders access to the list of persons entitled to participate in the general meeting, as from the date when such list was received by the company, in all instances of general meetings held in the reporting period 	Full compliance	
1.1.4	Shareholders did not encounter unjustified difficulties in exercising their right to request that a general meeting be convened, to nominate candidates to governing bodies, and to make proposals for the agenda of the general meeting	 The company's articles of association stipulate a deadline for shareholders to submit proposals for inclusion on the agenda of the annual general meeting of shareholders; such deadline should be at least 60 days after the end of the relevant calendar year. In the reporting period, the company did not reject proposals for the agenda or candidates to governing bodies due to misprints or other insignificant flaws in the shareholder's proposal 	Full compliance	
1.1.5	Each shareholder was enabled to freely exercise his/ her voting right in the simplest and most convenient way	 The company's articles of association provide for the possibility of completing the electronic form of the ballot on the website (its address is specified in the notice of the general meeting of shareholders) 	Full compliance	

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transfer pricing, unjustified provision of services to the Company by the controlling entity at inflated prices, through internal loans substituting dividends to the controlling entities and (or) its

1. During the reporting period, the company's controlling entities did

not abuse their rights in relation to the company's shareholders, there were no conflicts between the company's controlling entities

and the company's shareholders, and if there were, the board of

1. Quasi-treasury shares are absent or did not participate in voting

directors paid due attention to the same

during the reporting period

controlled entities)

Corporate governance system and practices ensure equal treatment for all shareholders owning the same type (class) of

shares, including minority and non-resident shareholders, and their equal treatment by the company

The company has created conditions for fair

shareholders by major shareholders

treatment of each shareholder by the governing

The Company does not take any actions that lead or

may lead to an artificial redistribution of corporate

bodies and the company's controlling entities, including conditions ruling out abuse of minority

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Explanations of deviations from the criteria for assessing Item Corporate governance principles Criteria for assessing compliance with corporate governance Compliance principle compliance with corporate governance principle 1.1.6 The general meeting procedure established by the 1. When general meetings of shareholders were held in the reporting 1 - full compliance. Partial compliance company equally enables all persons attending the period in the form of a meeting (joint presence of shareholders), 2 – partial compliance: the major shareholder entitled to nominate meeting to voice their opinions and ask questions sufficient time was provided for reports on agenda items and time candidates to the Company's governing bodies conducts all necessary for discussion of these issues, and shareholders were given the interviews with candidates when preparing respective proposals. opportunity to express their opinions and ask questions of interest on the agenda. 3 – partial compliance. 2. The company invited candidates to the management and control bodies of the company and took all necessary steps to ensure their 4 - full compliance participation in the general meeting of shareholders, at which their nominations were put to a vote. The nominees to the management and control bodies of the company who were present at the general meeting of shareholders were available to answer questions from 3. The sole executive body, the accounting officer, the chairman or other members of the audit committee of the board of directors were available to answer questions from shareholders at the general meetings of shareholders held during the reporting period. 4. In the reporting period, the company used telecommunication means for remote access of shareholders to participate in general meetings or the hoard of directors made a reasonable decision that there was no need (possibility) to use such means in the reporting period 1.2 Shareholders have equal and fair rights to share profits of the company by receiving dividends 1.2.1 The company has developed and introduced a 1. The company's regulation on the dividend policy was approved by Partial compliance 1 - full compliance. transparent and clear mechanism for determining the board of directors and disclosed on the company's website. 2 – partial compliance: JSC FPC's Dividend Policy uses the Company's the dividend amount and paying dividends 2. If the dividend policy of a company submitting the consolidated reporting figures to determine the dividend amount, and the respective financial statements uses the company's reporting figures to provisions of the Dividend Policy take into account the RAS financial determine the dividend amount, then the respective provisions of the dividend policy shall take into account the consolidated financial statements. 3 - full compliance 3. Justification of the proposed distribution of net profit, including the payment of dividends and the company's own needs, and assessment of its compliance with the dividend policy adopted by the company, with explanations and economic justification of the need to direct a certain portion of net profit to its own needs in the reporting period were included in the materials for the general meeting of shareholders, the agenda of which includes an item on profit distribution (including the payment (declaration) of dividends) 1.2.2 Full compliance 1. The regulations on company's dividend policy, in addition to the The company does not resolve to pay out dividends if such resolution, while formally remaining in line statutory restrictions, defines the financial/economic circumstances with statutory restrictions, is not economically the Company should not decide to pay dividends under feasible and may lead to a false representation of the company's performance 1.2.3 The company does not allow the dividend rights of 1. In the reporting period, the company did not take any actions Full compliance its existing shareholders to be impaired causing a deterioration in terms of dividend rights of existing 1.2.4 The company strives to exclude any ways for its 1. During the reporting period, there were no other ways other than Full compliance dividends for the entities who have control over the company to shareholders to receive profit (income) from the receive profit (income) at the company's expense (e.g., through company other than dividends and liquidation value

Full compliance

Full compliance

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Item	Corporate governance principles	Criteria for assessing compliance with corporate governance principle	Compliance	Explanations of deviations from the criteria for assessing compliance with corporate governance principle
1.4	Shareholders are provided with reliable and effecti to freely dispose of their shares without any hindra	ive methods for recording their rights in shares, as well as are enabled ance		
1.4.1	Shareholders are provided with reliable and effective methods for recording their rights in shares, as well as are enabled to freely dispose of their shares without any hindrance	 The technologies and service conditions of the company's registrar meet the needs of the company and its shareholders and ensure that shareholder rights are regarded and exercised in the most efficient manner 	Full compliance	
2.1		nagement of the company, establish the basic principles of, and nternal control system in the company, control the activities of the y functions		
2.1.1	The board of directors is responsible for passing resolutions related to appointment and removal of the members of executive bodies, including due to their inadequate performance. The board of directors also ensures that the company's executive bodies act in accordance with the approved growth strategy and along the company's core lines of business	 The board of directors has the authority stipulated in the articles of association to appoint and remove members of executive bodies and to set out the terms and conditions of their contracts. During the reporting period, the nominations (appointments, personnel) committee reviewed the compliance of the professional qualifications, skills and experience of the members of the executive bodies in respect of the current and expected needs of the company as dictated by the approved strategy of the company. In the reporting period, the board of directors reviewed the report(s) by the sole executive body or members of the collective executive body (if any) on the implementation of the company's strategy 	Full compliance	
2.1.2	The board of directors defines the main long-term targets of the company's operations, assesses and approves its key performance indicators and key business goals, as well as the strategy and business plans for the company's core lines of business	 In the reporting period, the board of directors reviewed at its meetings matters related to the progress in the implementation of the strategy and its updates, approval of the company's financial and business plan (budget), and consideration of the implementation criteria and performance (including interim criteria and performance) of the company's strategy and business plans 	Full compliance	
2.1.3	The board of directors determines the principles of, and approaches to, organising a risk management and internal control system in the company	 The principles of and approaches to the organisation of the risk management and internal control system in the company are determined by the board of directors and stipulated in the company's internal documents, which determine the risk management and internal control policy. In the reporting period, the board of directors approved (revised) an acceptable amount of risks (risk appetite) of the company or the audit committee and (or) risk committee (if any) considered whether it is expedient to submit the issue of revising the company's risk appetite by the board of directors for consideration 	Full compliance	
2.1.4	The board of directors defines the company's policy on remuneration due to, and/or reimbursement (compensation) of costs to the members of the board of directors, executive bodies, and other key managers of the company	 The company has developed and put in place the policy on remuneration and/or reimbursement (compensation) of costs of the members of the board of directors, executive bodies, and other key managers, approved by the board of directors. In the reporting period, the board of directors reviewed the matters related to the said policy (policies) 	Full compliance	
2.1.5	The board of directors plays a key role in preventing, identifying and settling internal conflicts between the company's bodies, shareholders and employees	 The board of directors plays a key role in preventing, identifying and settling internal conflicts. The company has set up a system for identification of transactions involving a conflict of interest, and a set of measures to resolve such conflicts 	Full compliance	
2.1.6	The board of directors plays a key role in ensuring the company's transparency, the timeliness and completeness of its information disclosures, and unhindered access to the company's documents for shareholders	The company's internal documents define the persons responsible for implementing the information policy	Full compliance	
2.1.7	The board of directors controls the company's corporate governance practices and plays a key role in its significant corporate events	 During the reporting period, the board of directors reviewed the results of a self-assessment and/or an external assessment of the company's corporate governance practices 	Full compliance	

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Explanations of deviations from the criteria for assessing Item Corporate governance principles Criteria for assessing compliance with corporate governance Compliance compliance with corporate governance principle principle 2.2 The board of directors is accountable to the company's shareholders 2.2.1 Performance of the board of directors is disclosed 1. The company's annual report for the reporting period includes the Partial compliance 1 – no compliance. and made available to the shareholders information on attendance at board of directors and committee Information on the attendance of the Board of Directors and meetings by every member of the board of directors. committees by each of the members of the Company's Board of 2. The annual report contains key results of assessment (self-Directors was not disclosed based on the right granted to the Company assessment) of the board of directors' performance in the reporting by Russian Government Decree No. 351 dated 22 March 2022. Information will be included in the Company's annual reports, provided that there is no risk of restrictive measures being imposed on the Company. 2 - full compliance 2.2.2 The chairman of the board of directors is available 1. The company has a transparent procedure in place to ensure that Full compliance to communicate with the company's shareholders shareholders can send their enquires to and receive feedback from the chairman of the board of directors (and, where applicable, the senior independent director) 2.3 The board of directors manages the company in an efficient and competent manner and makes fair and independent judgements and decisions in line with the best interests of the company and its shareholders 2.3.1 Only persons with impeccable business and 1. In the reporting period, the board of directors (or its nomination Full compliance personal reputation, possessing the knowledge committee) assessed nominees to the board of directors in terms of and expertise required to make decisions falling having the required experience, knowledge, business reputation, absence of a conflict of interest, etc. within the authority of the board of directors and to essential performing its functions efficiently are elected to the board of directors 2.3.2 1. Whenever the agenda of a general meeting of shareholders held in The company's directors are elected via a Full compliance transparent procedure, enabling shareholders to the reporting period included the election to the board of directors, obtain information on nominees sufficient to judge the company provided its shareholders with biographical details of all nominees for the board of directors, the results of the assessment on their personal and professional qualities of their professional qualifications, skills and experience for the compliance with the current and expected needs of the company (such assessment to be carried out by the board of directors (or its nomination committee)), as well as information on whether the candidate met the criteria of independence as set forth in recommendations 102–107 of the Code and the written consent of the nominees for election to the board of directors 2.3.3 The board of directors is balanced, including 1. During the reporting period, the board of directors analysed its own Full compliance in terms of qualifications of its members, their needs in terms of professional qualifications, experience and skills and identified the competencies required by the board of directors experience, knowledge and business qualities, and has the trust of shareholders in the short and long term 2.3.4 The company has a sufficient number of directors 1. During the reporting period, the board of directors considered Full compliance to organise the board of directors' activities in the whether the number of the board of directors' members meets the company's needs and the interests of shareholders most efficient way, including the ability to set up committees of the board of directors and enable the company's substantial minority shareholders to elect a nominee to the board of directors for whom they vote 2.4 The board of directors includes a sufficient number of independent directors 2.4.1 An independent director is a person of sufficient 1. In the reporting period, all independent directors met the Full compliance professionalism, experience and self-reliance to independence criteria set out in recommendations 102-107 of the form his/her own opinion, able to make impartial Code, or were deemed independent by resolution of the board of judgements in good faith independent of the directors company's executive bodies, particular groups of shareholders or other stakeholders. It should be noted that under normal circumstance a nominee (elected director) cannot be considered independent if he/she is related to the company, its substantial shareholder or counterparty, the company's competitor, or the government

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Explanations of deviations from the criteria for assessing Item Corporate governance principles Criteria for assessing compliance with corporate governance Compliance compliance with corporate governance principle principle 2.4.2 The compliance of nominees to the board of 1. In the reporting period, the board of directors (or the nomination Full compliance directors with the criteria for independence is committee of the board of directors) formed its opinion on the assessed, and a regular review of compliance independence of each nominee to the board of directors and of independent directors with such criteria is presented respective opinions to shareholders. performed. Substance prevails over form in such 2. During the reporting period, the board of directors (or the board of assessments directors' nomination committee) reviewed the independence of the current board of directors' members at least once (after they were 3. The company has developed procedures defining the actions to be taken by a member of the board of directors if he/she ceases to be independent, including the obligation to timely notify the board of directors thereof 2.4.3 1. Independent directors make up at least one third of the board of Independent directors make up at least one third of Full compliance the elected board of directors directors Independent directors play a key role in preventing In the reporting period, the Board of Directors reviewed the matters of 244 1. In the reporting period, independent directors (who did not have a Partial compliance internal conflicts in the company and in the conflict of interest) carried out a preliminary assessment of material an additional issue of JSC FPC shares. performance by the latter of material corporate corporate actions implying a possible conflict of interest, and the These material corporate actions were not interested-party transactions results of such assessment were presented to the board of directors 2.5 The chairman of the board of directors facilitates the best performance of assigned duties by the board of directors 1. The board of directors is chaired by an independent director, 2.5.1 Partial compliance 1 – no compliance. The board of directors is chaired by an independent director, or a senior independent director is chosen or a senior independent director is appointed from among the The Chairman of JSC FPC's Board of Directors is not an independent from among the elected independent directors to independent directors. director. The candidate to become Chairman of FPC's Board of Directors coordinate the activities of independent directors 2. The role, rights and duties of the chairman of the board of directors is approved by the Board of Directors of the Parent Company. and enable the interaction with the chairman of the (and, if applicable, of the senior independent director) are duly set board of directors out in the company's internal documents Independent directors do not require additional coordination; a senior independent director is not appointed. 2 - full compliance 2.5.2 The chairman of the board of directors maintains 1. The efficiency of the chairman of the board of directors was Full compliance assessed as part of the procedure for assessing (self-assessing) the a constructive environment at meetings, enables performance of the board of directors in the reporting period free discussions of agenda items, and supervises the execution of resolutions passed by the board of directors 2.5.3 The chairman of the board of directors takes all 1. The company's internal documents set out the duty of the chairman Full compliance steps necessary for the timely provision to directors of the board of directors to take all steps necessary for the timely of information required to pass resolutions on provision to directors of full and reliable information regarding items on the agenda of the board meeting agenda items 2.6 Directors act reasonably and in good faith in the best interests of the company and its shareholders, relying on sufficient information, exercising due care and prudence 2.6.1 Directors make decisions based on all information 1. The company's internal documents provide that a director should Full compliance available, without conflict of interest, subject to notify the board of directors if he/she has a conflict of interest in equal treatment of the company's shareholders, and respect of any item on the agenda of the board meeting or the assuming normal business risks board's committee meeting, prior to the discussion of the relevant agenda item. 2. The company's internal documents stipulate that a director should abstain from voting on any item in connection with which he/she has a conflict of interest 3. The company has in place a procedure enabling the board of directors to get professional advice on matters within its remit at the expense of the company 2.6.2 The rights and obligations of directors are clearly 1. The company has adopted and published an internal document Full compliance clearly defining the rights and duties of directors defined and set out in the company's internal documents 2.6.3 Directors have sufficient time to perform their 1. Individual attendance of the meetings of the board of directors Full compliance and committees, as well as sufficient time to work on the board of directors, including its committees, is analysed as part of the procedure for assessment (self-assessment) of the board of directors' performance in the reporting period. 2. In accordance with the company's internal documents, directors inform the board of their intentions to joint management bodies of other organisations (except for entities controlled by the company), or of the relevant appointment made

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Item	Corporate governance principles	Criteria for assessing compliance with corporate governance principle	Compliance	Explanations of deviations from the criteria for assessing compliance with corporate governance principle
2.6.4	All directors have equal access to the company's documents and information. Newly elected directors are furnished with sufficient information about the company and performance of the board of directors as soon as possible	1. In accordance with the company's internal documents, the members of the board of directors have the right to obtain information and documents necessary for the members of the board of directors to perform their duties relating to the company and its controlled entities, and the executive bodies of the company should ensure that relevant information and documents are provided. 2. The company implements a formalised induction programme for newly elected directors	Full compliance	
2.7	Meetings of the board of directors, preparation for performance by the board of directors	such meetings and participation of directors ensure efficient		
2.7.1	Meetings of the board of directors are held as needed, taking into account the scale of operations and goals of the company at a particular time	1. The board of directors held at least six meetings in the reporting year	Full compliance	
2.7.2	The company's internal regulations formalise a procedure for arranging and holding meetings of the board of directors, enabling members of the board of directors to prepare for such meetings properly	 The company has an approved internal document that describes the procedure for arranging and holding meetings of the board of directors and sets out, in particular, that the notice of the meeting shall be given, as a rule, at least five days prior to such meeting. During the reporting period, the members of the board of directors who were not present at the meeting venue were given the opportunity to participate in the discussion of agenda items and vote remotely via conference calls and video conferencing 	Full compliance	
2.7.3	The format of the meeting of the board of directors is determined taking into account the importance of items on the agenda. The most important matters shall be dealt with at meetings of the board of directors held in person	1. The company's articles of association or internal documents stipulate that the most important issues (including those listed in recommendation 168 of the code) should be considered at in-person meetings of the board of directors	Partial compliance	The Regulations on the Board of Directors of JSC FPC contain a recommendation to the Board of Directors to deal with the most important matters at meetings held in person. The list of such matters is specified in paragraph 4.4 of the Regulations on the Board of Directors of JSC FPC
2.7.4	to the company's operations are passed at a mo- meeting of the board of directors by a qualified 170 majority or by a majority of all elected directors by a	1. The company's articles of association provide for resolutions on the most important matters (including those set out in recommendation 170 of the Code) to be passed at a meeting of the board of directors by a qualified majority of at least 3/4 or by a majority of all elected directors	Partial compliance	In accordance with paragraph 18.10 of the Articles of Association, resolutions of the Company's Board of Directors on including the persons nominated by shareholders or the Company's Board of Directors in the list of members of the collegial executive body or the Company's Auditing Commission, or on approving the auditor and electing the person acting as the sole executive body of each company created through reorganisation in the form of merger, division or spinoff, as well as in cases stipulated by the Federal Law On Joint Stock Companies, are passed by a majority of at least three quarters of the total number of Directors.
				In accordance with paragraph 18.11 of the Articles of Association, resolutions of the Company's Board of Directors on matters listed in subparagraphs 1, 12, 21, 25, 27, 38, 43–45 and 47 of paragraph 15.1, Article 15 of the present Articles of Association, as well as on approving the Company's Dividend Policy are passed by a majority of the members of Company's Board of Directors
2.8	The board of directors sets up committees to previous	ew the most important matters related to the company's operations		
2.8.1	To preview matters related to controlling the	The board of directors has set up an audit committee comprised solely of independent directors.	Partial compliance	1 – partial compliance.
	Company's financial and business activities, it is recommended to set up an audit committee comprised of independent directors	led to set up an audit committee 2. The company's internal documents set out the tasks of the audit		Members of the Board of Directors who are representatives of the shareholder are involved in the work of the Audit Committee.
		Code. 3. At least one member of the audit committee represented by an		The Audit Committee has an independent director.
		independent director has experience and knowledge of preparing,		2 – full compliance.
		analysing, assessing and auditing accounting (financial) statements. 4. Meetings of the audit committee were held at least once a quarter		3 – full compliance.
		during the reporting period		4 – full compliance
2.8.2	To preview matters related to adopting an efficient and transparent remuneration scheme,	 The board of directors has set up a remuneration committee comprised solely of independent directors. 	Partial compliance	1 – partial compliance.
	a remuneration committee was set up, comprised of independent directors and headed by an independent director who is not the chairman of	2. The remuneration committee is headed by an independent director who is not the chairman of the board of directors 3. The company's internal documents determine the tasks of the remuneration committee, including but not limited to the tasks covered by recommendation 180 of the Code, as well as the conditions (events), upon the occurrence of which the remuneration		The Company established the Human Resources, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee consisting of two independent directors, representatives of the shareholder.
	the board of directors			2 – full compliance.
				3 – partial compliance.
		committee considers revision of the company's remuneration policy for the members of the board of directors, executive bodies and other key executives		The Regulation on the Human Resources, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee does not contain the tasks contained in recommendation 180(4) of the Code.

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2.8.3	To preview matters related to talent management (succession planning), professional composition and efficiency of the board of directors, a nomination (appointments, human resources) committee was set up, predominantly comprised of independent directors	 The board of directors has set up a nomination committee (or its tasks listed in recommendation 186 of the Code are fulfilled by another committee) predominantly comprised of independent directors. The company's internal documents set out the tasks of the nomination committee (or the tasks of the committee with combined functions), including those listed in recommendation 186 of the Code. In the reporting period, in order to form the board of directors that best meets the company's goals and objectives, the nomination committee organised interaction with shareholders, not limited to the largest shareholders, in the context of selecting candidates to the board of directors of the company, either individually or jointly with other committees of the board of directors or the company's authorised subdivision in charge of relations with shareholders 	Partial compliance	1 – partial compliance. JSC FPC has set up the Human Resources, Remuneration, and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board of Directors of JSC FPC. The roles of this Committee are set out in the Regulations on the Committee of FPC's Board of Directors and comply with recommendations of the Corporate Governance Code concerning the remuneration committee and the nomination committee. Two independent directors were elected to the Committee, one of whom chairs it. 2 – full compliance. 3 – no compliance. Due to the specific nature of the Company's corporate governance model, the major shareholder, who has the right to nominate candidates to the Company's governing bodies, forms proposals on the membership of the Board of Directors that best meets the Company's goals and objectives
2.8.4	Taking into account the company's scope of business and level of risks, the company's board of directors made sure that the composition of its committees is fully in line with the company's business goals. Additional committees were either set up or not deemed necessary (strategy committee, corporate governance committee, ethics committee, risk management committee, budget committee, health, safety and environment committee, etc.)	 In the reporting period, the company's board of directors considered whether the structure of the board of directors is appropriate to the scope, nature, business goals, needs, and risk profile of the company. Additional committees were either set up or not deemed necessary 	Full compliance	
2.8.5	Committees are composed so as to enable comprehensive discussions of matters under preview, taking into account the diversity of opinions	 The audit committee, remuneration committee, and nomination committee (or the relevant committee with a combined function) were chaired by independent directors in the reporting period. The company's internal documents (policies) include provisions stipulating that persons who are not members of the audit committee, the nomination committee (or the relevant committee with a combined function) and the remuneration committee may attend committee meetings only by invitation of the chairman of the respective committee 	Partial compliance	 1 – partial compliance. During the reporting period, the Human Resources, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee was chaired by an independent director. The Audit and Risk Committee of the Board of Directors was chaired by an independent director until 30 June 2022. 2 – full compliance
2.8.6	Committee chairmen inform the board of directors and its chairman on the work of their committees on a regular basis	 During the reporting period, committee chairmen reported to the board of directors on the work of committees on a regular basis 	Full compliance	
2.9	The board of directors ensures performance assess board of directors	ment of the board of directors, its committees and members of the		
2.9.1	The board of directors ensures the assessment of performance of the board of directors, its committees and members of the board of directors, whether their work meets the company's development needs, as well intensifying the work of the board of directors and identifying opportunities for the improvement of its performance	 The company's internal documents stipulate the procedures for assessing (self-assessing) the board of directors' performance. The assessment (self-assessment) of the board of directors' performance carried out in the reporting period included an assessment of the work of the committees, an individual assessment of each member of the board of directors and the board of directors as a whole. Results of assessment (self-assessment) of the board of directors' performance carried out in the reporting period were reviewed at the in-person meeting of the board of directors 	Partial compliance	 1 – full compliance. 2 – full compliance. 3 – no compliance. The results of the Board of Directors' self-assessment were reviewed at a meeting in absentia on 30 August 2022.
2.9.2	The performance of the board of directors, committees and members of the board of directors is assessed on a regular basis at least once a year. An external organisation (consultant) is engaged at least once every three years to carry out an independent assessment of the board of directors' performance	The company engaged an external institution (advisor) to conduct an independent assessment of the board of directors' performance at least once over the last three reporting periods	No compliance	The performance of the Board of Directors was not assessed in the reporting period
3.1		nt ongoing interaction with shareholders, coordinate the company's and supports the activities of the board of directors		
3.1.1	The corporate secretary has the knowledge, experience and qualifications sufficient to perform his/her duties, as well as an impeccable reputation and the trust of shareholders	 The company's website and the annual report contain biographical information on the corporate secretary (including information on age, education, qualifications, experience), as well as information on positions in management bodies of other legal entities held by the corporate secretary for at least the last five years 	No compliance	Biographic information on the Corporate Secretary was not disclosed based on the right granted to the Company by the Russian Government regulations No. 351 dated 22 March 2022

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Item	Corporate governance principles	Criteria for assessing compliance with corporate governance principle	Compliance	Explanations of deviations from the criteria for assessing compliance with corporate governance principle
3.1.2	The corporate secretary is sufficiently independent of the company's executive bodies and has the powers and resources required to perform his/her tasks	 The company has adopted and published an internal document – regulations on the corporate secretary. The board of directors approves the candidate for the position of corporate secretary, terminates his/her powers and considers the payment of additional remuneration to him/her. The company's internal documents stipulate the corporate secretary's right to request and receive company documents and information from management bodies, subdivisions and officers of the company 	Full compliance	
4.1	Remuneration payable by the company is sufficient qualifications required by the company. Remunerat the company is in compliance with the approved re	to attract, motivate and retain people with competencies and tion payable to directors, executive bodies and other key managers of muneration policy of the company		
4.1.1	The amount of remuneration paid by the company to the members of the board of directors, executive bodies and other key managers creates sufficient incentives for them to work efficiently while enabling the company to engage and retain competent and qualified specialists. At the same time, the company avoids unnecessarily high remuneration, as well as unjustifiably large gaps between remunerations of the above persons and the company's employees	Remuneration of members of the board of directors, executive bodies and other key executives of the company is determined based on the results of a comparative analysis of remuneration levels in comparable companies	Full compliance	
4.1.2	The company's remuneration policy is devised by the remuneration committee and approved by the board of directors. The board of directors, assisted by the remuneration committee, ensures control over the introduction and implementation of the company's remuneration policy, revising and amending it as required	 During the reporting period, the remuneration committee reviewed the remuneration policy (policies) and (or) practices of its (their) implementation, assessed their efficiency and transparency, and, if necessary, submitted respective recommendations to the board of directors for revision of the said policy (policies) 	Full compliance	
4.1.3	The company's remuneration policy includes transparent mechanisms for determining the amount of remuneration due to directors, executive bodies and other key managers of the company, and regulate all types of expenses, benefits and privileges provided to such persons	 The company's remuneration policy (policies) includes (include) transparent mechanisms for determining the amount of remuneration due to directors, executive bodies and other key managers of the company, and regulates (regulate) all types of expenses, benefits and privileges provided to such persons 	Full compliance	
4.1.4	The company defines a policy on reimbursement (compensation) of costs, detailing a list of reimbursable expenses and specifying service levels that members of the board of directors, executive bodies and other key managers of the company can	The remuneration policy (policies) defines (define) the rules for reimbursement of costs incurred by directors, executive bodies and other key managers of the company	Partial compliance	The procedure for reimbursement of expenses of the Company's executives on renting residential premises from third-party owners, other than members of the Board of Directors and executive bodies, is stipulated by the Order of JSC FPC No. 859r dated 11 September 2017 On Formation and Use of the Specialised Housing Fund of JSC FPC.
	claim. Such policy can make part of the company's remuneration policy			In accordance with paragraph 4.4.29 of the Collective Bargaining Agreement of JSC FPC for 2020–2022, the employees of JSC FPC, including the key executives of the Company, are compensated for the costs of maintaining their children in private pre-school educational institutions of the Parent Company. Compensation is paid in accordance with the procedure and in the amounts set out in Section V of the Regulation on Social Support Measures for Employees of the Management Staff of JSC FPC and Centres (Business Units) of JSC FPC, their Family Members and Non-working Pensioners No. 63r dated 25 January 2018.
				In accordance with Article 169 of the Russian Labour Code, the employees of JSC FPC, including the key executives of the Company, are reimbursed, upon prior agreement with the employer, for the costs of moving an employee, his/her family members and property (unless the employer provides such employee with appropriate means of transport) and the costs of settling in at the new place of residence when moving to another place of residence to continue his/her work. Specific amounts of reimbursement of the costs are determined by the parties to the employment contract

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Item	Corporate governance principles	Criteria for assessing compliance with corporate governance principle	Compliance	Explanations of deviations from the criteria for assessing compliance with corporate governance principle	
4.2	Remuneration system for directors ensures alignment of financial interests of directors with long term financial interests of shareholders				
4.2.1	The company pays fixed annual remuneration to directors. The company does not pay remuneration for attending particular meetings of the board of directors or its committees.	 In the reporting period, the company paid remuneration to the members of the board of directors in accordance with the remuneration policy adopted by the company. In the reporting period, the company did not apply any forms of short-term motivation or additional material incentives to the 	Full compliance		
	The company does not apply any form of short- term motivation or additional financial incentive for directors	members of the board of directors, the payment of which depends on the results (indicators) of the company's performance. No remuneration was paid for participation in individual meetings of the board of directors or the committees under the board of directors.			
4.2.2	Long-term ownership of the company's shares helps align the financial interests of directors with long-term interests of shareholders to the utmost. At the same time, the company does not link the right to dispose of shares to performance targets, and directors do not participate in stock option plans	If the company's internal document(s) – the remuneration policy (policies) – stipulate(s) (stipulate) provision of the company's shares to directors, clear rules for share ownership by directors shall be defined and disclosed, aimed at stimulating long-term ownership of such shares	No compliance	Not applicable. Regulations on Payment of Remuneration and Compensations to Members of the Board of Directors do not provide for granting shares in the Company to the members of the Board of Directors	
4.2.3	The company does not provide for any extra payments or compensations in the event of early termination of directors' mandates resulting from the change of control or any other reasons	 The company does not provide for any extra payments or compensations in the event of early termination of directors' mandates resulting from the change of control or any other reasons 	Full compliance		
4.3		rsonal contribution of each executive to the achievement of such ee payable to members of executive bodies and other key managers of			
4.3.1	Remuneration due to members of executive bodies and other key managers of the company is determined in a manner providing for reasonable and justified ratio of the fixed and variable parts of remuneration, depending on the company's results and the employee's personal contribution	 In the reporting period, annual performance results approved by the board of directors were used to determine the amount of the variable part of remuneration due to members of executive bodies and other key managers of the company. During the latest assessment of the system of remuneration for members of executive bodies and other key managers of the company, the board of directors (remuneration committee) made sure that the company applies efficient ratio of the fixed and variable parts of remuneration. When determining the amount of remuneration payable to the members of executive bodies and other key executives of the company, consideration is given to the risks borne by the company in order to avoid creating incentives for taking excessively risky management decisions 	Full compliance		
4.3.2	The company has in place a long-term incentive programme for members of executive bodies and other key managers of the company with the use of the company's shares (options and other derivative instruments where the company's shares are the underlying asset)	1. If the company has introduced a long-term incentive programme for members of executive bodies and other key executives of the company using company shares (financial instruments based on company shares), the programme stipulates that the right to sell such shares and other financial instruments shall not arise earlier than three years after provision of the same. The right to dispose of such shares or other financial instruments is linked to the company's performance targets	No compliance	The Company does not have a long-term incentive stock option plan for top managers. The Company uses other management incentives based on the achievement of the KPIs set by the Company's Board of Directors	
4.3.3	The compensation (golden parachute) payable by the company in case of early termination of powers of members of executive bodies or key managers at the company's initiative, provided that there have been no actions in bad faith on their part, does not exceed the double amount of the fixed part of their annual remuneration	 In the reporting period, the compensation (golden parachute) payable by the company in case of early termination of the powers of executive bodies or key managers at the company's initiative, provided that there have been no actions in bad faith on their part, did not exceed the double amount of the fixed part of their annual remuneration 	Full compliance		
5.1	The company has in place an effective risk manager the achievement of the company's goals	ment and internal control system, providing reasonable assurance in			
5.1.1	The company's board of directors determined the principles of, and approaches to, organising a risk management and internal control system in the company	 Functions of different management bodies and units of the company in the risk management system and internal control are clearly defined in the company's internal documents/relevant policy approved by the board of directors 	Full compliance		
5.1.2	The company's executive bodies ensure establishment and continuous operation of an efficient risk management and internal control system in the company	The company's executive bodies ensured the distribution functions, powers and responsibilities related to risk management and internal control between the heads (managers) of units and departments accountable to them	Full compliance		

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Explanations of deviations from the criteria for assessing Item Corporate governance principles Criteria for assessing compliance with corporate governance Compliance compliance with corporate governance principle principle 5.1.3 The company's risk management and internal 1. The company has the anti-corruption policy approved. Full compliance control system ensures an objective, fair and 2. The company has arranged for safe, confidential and accessible means (hotline) of notifying the board of directors or the board's clear representation of the current state of the company and its future prospects, the integrity and audit committee about violations of the law, the company's internal transparency of the company's reporting, as well as procedures and code of ethics reasonable and acceptable risk exposure 5.1.4 The company's board of directors takes necessary 1. During the reporting period, the board of directors (audit committee Full compliance measures to make sure that the company's risk and/or risk committee) (if any) organised an assessment of the reliability and effectiveness of the risk management and internal management and internal control system is consistent with the principles of, and approaches to control systems its setting up determined by the board of directors, 2. During the reporting period, the board of directors reviewed and that the system is functioning efficiently the results of the assessment of the reliability and efficiency of the company's risk management and internal control systems; information on the results of the review is included in the company's annual report 5.2 The company performs internal audits for regular independent assessment of the reliability and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control system, as well as corporate governance practices 5.2.1 The company has set up a separate business unit 1. To perform internal audits, the company has set up a separate Full compliance or engaged an independent external organisation internal audit business unit functionally reporting to the board of directors, or an independent external organisation with the same to carry out internal audits. The functional and administrative reporting lines of the internal line of reporting is engaged audit unit are delineated. The internal audit unit functionally reports to the board of directors. 5.2.2 The internal audit unit assesses the reliability and 1. During the reporting period, internal audit assessed the reliability Full compliance effectiveness of the risk management and internal and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control control systems as well as the corporate governance. 2. During the reporting period, internal audit assessed corporate and applies generally accepted internal auditing standards governance practices (individual practices), including information interaction procedures (along with those related to internal control and risk management) at all management levels of the company, and interaction with stakeholders as well 6.1 The company and its business are transparent for shareholders, investors and other stakeholders 6.1.1 The company has developed and adopted an 1. The company's board of directors approved an information policy Full compliance information policy ensuring an efficient exchange of developed in accordance with the Code's recommendations. information between the company, its shareholders, 2. During the reporting period, the board of directors (or one of its investors and other stakeholders committees) considered the efficiency of information exchange between the company, shareholders, investors and other stakeholders and the expediency (need) to revise the company's information policy 6.1.2 The company discloses information on its corporate 1. The company discloses information on its corporate governance Partial compliance 1 - full compliance. governance system and practices, including detailed system and general principles of corporate governance applied in 2 – no compliance. information on compliance with the principles and the company, including disclosure on a website. recommendations of this Code 2. The company discloses information on the composition of executive The information was not disclosed based on the Russian Federation bodies and the board of directors, independence of the board Government Resolution No. 351 dated 22 March 2022. members and their membership in the board's committees (as defined in the Code). 3 – no compliance. 3. If the company has a controlling entity, the company publishes a A memorandum is not available. memorandum of the controlling entity setting out the latter's plans for the company's corporate governance 6.2 The company makes timely disclosures of complete, updated and reliable information to allow shareholders and investors to make informed decisions 6.2.1 The company discloses information based on 1. The company has established a procedure that ensures coordination Partial compliance 1 - full compliance. the principles of regularity, consistency and of work of all subdivisions and employees of the company who are 2 - not applicable. promptness, as well as availability, reliability, related to disclosure of information or whose activities may result in completeness and comparability of disclosed data the need to disclose information. The Company's securities are not traded on foreign organised markets. 2. If the company's securities are traded on foreign regulated markets, the company ensures concerted and equivalent disclosure of 3 - not applicable. material information in the Russian Federation and in the said JSC FPC has no foreign shareholders markets in the reporting period. 3. If foreign shareholders hold a significant amount of the company's shares, during the reporting year, information was disclosed not only in the Russian language, but also in one of the most widespread foreign languages

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Explanations of deviations from the criteria for assessing Item Corporate governance principles Criteria for assessing compliance with corporate governance Compliance compliance with corporate governance principle principle 6.2.2 The company avoids a formalistic approach to 1. The company's information policy defines approaches to disclosure 1 - full compliance. Partial compliance information disclosure and discloses critical of information on other events (actions) which have a significant 2 - partial compliance. effect on the value or quotation of its securities, while disclosure of information about its operations even if such disclosure is not required by law which is not required by law. The following paragraphs of recommendation 290 of the Code are not 2. The company discloses complete information on its capital structure, applicable to the activities of JSC FPC: as stated in recommendation 290 of the Code, in its annual report Paragraph 3. Information on persons who directly or indirectly own and on the corporate website. shares, and (or) dispose of votes over shares, and (or) are designated 3. The company discloses information on controlled entities that are beneficiaries of company's shares, making up five or more percent of significant to the company, including key areas of their activities, the authorised capital or ordinary shares of the company mechanisms for ensuring accountability of controlled entities, the • Paragraph 4. A statement from the company's executive bodies that authority of the company's board of directors to determine strategy the company does not disclose the existence of shareholdings in and assess performance of controlled entities. excess of five per cent in addition to those already disclosed by the 4. The company discloses non-financial reports — a sustainability company report, an environmental report, a corporate social responsibility • Paragraph 5. Information on the possibility of certain shareholders report or another report containing non-financial information. acquiring or acquiring a degree of control disproportionate to their including factors related to the environment (inter alia. participation in the company's authorised capital, including on environmental and climate change related factors), society (social the basis of shareholder agreements or by virtue of ordinary and factors) and corporate governance, except for the report of the preferred shares with different par values issuer of equity securities and the annual report of the joint stock 3 – full compliance. company 4 - partial compliance. The company discloses non-financial reports — a sustainability report, an environmental report, a corporate social responsibility report or another report containing non-financial information, including factors related to the environment (inter alia, environmental and climate change related factors), society (social factors) and corporate governance, within the annual report only 6.2.3 The annual report, as one of the most important 1. The annual report of the company contains information on the Partial compliance 1 – no compliance. results of the assessment by the audit committee of the effectiveness tools of information exchange with shareholders The annual report of the company contains information on the results and other stakeholders, contains information of the external and internal audit process. of the assessment by the audit committee of the effectiveness of the enabling assessment of the company's performance 2. The company's annual report contains information on the company's external and internal audit process. in the reporting year environmental and social policy 2 - full compliance 6.3 The company provides information and documents as per the requests of shareholders in compliance with principles of fairness and ease of access 6.3.1 Shareholders can exercise their right of access to 1. The company's information policy (internal documents defining Full compliance company documents and information without the information policy) defines a non-onerous procedure for unnecessary difficulties providing access to the company's information and documents, upon shareholders' requests. 2. The information policy (internal documents defining the information policy) contains provisions stipulating that if a shareholder requests information on organisations controlled by the company, the company shall make the necessary efforts to obtain such information from the relevant organisations controlled by the company 6.3.2 When providing information to shareholders, the 1. In the reporting period, the company did not refuse shareholders' Full compliance company ensures reasonable balance between the requests for information, or such refusals were justified. interests of particular shareholders and its own 2. In cases defined by the information policy, shareholders are warned interests, consisting in preserving the confidentiality of the confidential nature of the information and undertake to of important commercial information which may maintain its confidentiality materially affect its competitiveness 7.1 Actions that significantly impact or may significantly impact the share capital structure or financial condition of the company and, respectively, shareholders position (material corporate actions) are fairly executed providing observance of rights and interests of shareholders and other stakeholders 7.1.1 Material corporate actions include restructuring 1. The company's articles of association define a list (criteria) of Full compliance of the company, acquisition of 30% or more of the transactions or other actions that constitute significant corporate company's voting shares (takeover), execution by actions. Resolutions on material corporate actions are referred to the company of significant transactions, increase the jurisdiction of the board of directors, according to the company's articles of association. When execution of such corporate actions or reduction of the company's authorised capital, listing or de-listing of the company's shares, as well is expressly referred by law to the jurisdiction of the general as other actions which may lead to material changes shareholders meeting, the board of directors presents relevant in the rights of shareholders or violation of their recommendations to shareholders interests. The company's articles of association define a list of transactions or other actions classified as material corporate actions pertaining to the competence of the company's board of directors

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Item	Corporate governance principles	Criteria for assessing compliance with corporate governance principle	Compliance	Explanations of deviations from the criteria for assessing compliance with corporate governance principle
7.1.2	The board of directors plays a key role in making decisions or working out recommendations regarding material corporate actions, relying on the opinions of the company's independent directors	 The company has in place a procedure enabling independent directors to express their opinions on material corporate actions prior to approval thereof 	Full compliance	
7.1.3	When taking material corporate actions affecting the rights and legitimate interests of shareholders, equal terms and conditions are ensured for all shareholders of the company, and, in case of insufficient statutory mechanisms for protecting shareholder rights, additional measures are taken to protect the rights and legitimate interests of the company's shareholders.	 The company's articles of association, taking into account the peculiarities of the company's operations, stipulate that the competence of the board of directors shall include approval of other transactions that are significant to the company, in addition to those provided for by law. In the reporting period, all material corporate actions were duly approved before they were taken 	Full compliance	
	In doing so, the company is guided by the corporate governance principles set forth in the Code, as well as by formal statutory requirements.			
7.2		n such a way as to ensure that shareholders timely receive complete nfluence such actions and guaranteeing adequate protection of their		
7.2.1	Information about material corporate actions is disclosed with explanations of the grounds, circumstances and consequences	 If the company performed significant corporate actions during the reporting period, the company disclosed information on such actions in a timely and detailed manner, including disclosing the reasons, conditions and consequences of such actions to shareholders 	Full compliance	
7.2.2	The rules and procedures related to material corporate actions are set forth in the company's internal documents	 The company's internal documents provide for the cases and procedure for engaging an appraiser to determine the value of the property disposed of or acquired pursuant to a major transaction or an interested party transaction. The company's internal documents set out the procedure for engaging an appraiser to assess the value of the company's shares at their repurchase or redemption. If there is no formal interest of a member of the board of directors, the sole executive body, member of the collegial executive body of the company or an entity being a controlling entity of the company or an entity entitled to give instructions binding on the company in transactions of the company, but if there is a conflict of interest or other actual interest, the internal documents of the company provide that such entities shall not participate in voting on approval 	Partial compliance	 1 – no compliance. The company's internal documents provide for the procedure for engaging an independent appraiser to determine the value of the property disposed of or acquired pursuant to a major transaction or an interested party transaction. 2 – full compliance. 3 – no compliance. FPC's Articles of Association stipulate that the provisions of Chapter XI of the Federal Law On Joint Stock Companies do not apply to transactions in which the Company's controlling entity is an interested party